

# Harmony Timer Relays

## Near Field Communication and conventional Timer Relays

### Harmony Timer Relays

Innovative, ergonomic and configurable offer with single or multifunction types

Harmony Timer are timing relays designed to time events in industrial automation systems by closing and opening contacts before, during, or after a set time period. They are designed for hard-wired logic automated systems to complement the functions of industrial programmable logic controllers (PLCs).

They are suitable for a wide range of applications, including:

- Machines: single machine, and industrial automation and processes
- Buildings: lighting control, access control door locks, roller shutters
- Water segment: pumping and irrigation systems
- HVAC: fans and centralized water systems

Depending on the product model, these relays support multiple time ranges.

> Modular DIN rail mounted timing relays



RE17, RENF, RE22

> Miniature plug-in timing relays



REXL

> Panel mounted/plug-in timing relays



RE48A

The Harmony Timer relays also feature:

- Wide power supply range from 24 to 240 V  $\bar{\sim}$
- Single or multi timing ranges from 0.02 s to 999 hrs
- Screw or spring connection terminals
- Relay or solid-state output
- Conformity to IEC 61812-1 and EN 61812-1 standards
- UL, CSA, GL, RCM, EAC, CCC, and China ROHS compliance
- Easy to set up with wiring diagrams on the side of the product

### Harmony RE22 Timing relays

#### Modular relays with unique features

- > Innovative: dial pointer LED indicator and diagnostic button to assist setup and troubleshooting
- > Compact and reliable
- > Energy efficient: simple to implement, operate, and maintain
- > Compliance with standards and certifications
- > QR code embedded in instruction sheet for easy setup



Dial pointer LED indicator

Diagnostic button

Harmony Timer Relays → A complete range of reliable and flexible offers

These timing relays enable simple automation cycles to be set up using wired logic. They can also be used to complement the functions of PLCs.

**Relay**  
Relay outputs provide complete isolation between the supply circuit and the output. It is possible to have several output circuits.






Modular and DIN rail mounted		Miniature and plug-in		Analogue and panel-mounted/plug-in			
Screw type							
0.1 s to 999 h	Depending on model: <input type="checkbox"/> 7 ranges: 1 s, 10 s, 1 min, 10 min, 1 h, 10 h, 100 h <input type="checkbox"/> 7 ranges: 1 s, 3 s, 10 s, 30 s, 100 s, 300 s, 10 min <input type="checkbox"/> 7 ranges 0.5 s 1 s 3 s 10 s 30 s 100 s 300 s <input type="checkbox"/> 1 range 30 s <input type="checkbox"/> 10 ranges: 1 s, 3 s, 10 s, 30 s, 100 s, 300 s, 30 min, 300 min, 30 h, 300 h	<input type="checkbox"/> 7 ranges: 0.1 s...1 s, 1 s...10 s, 0.1 min...1 min, 1 min...10 min, 0.1 h...1 h, 1 h...10 h, 10 h...100 h	14 ranges: 1.2 s, 3 s, 12 s, 30 s, 120 s, 300 s, 12 min, 30 min, 120 min, 300 min, 12 h, 30 h, 120 h, 300 h	<b>RENF</b>	<b>RE22</b>	<b>REXL</b>	<b>RE48A</b>
23	24	26	27				

### Definitions

The following definitions explain relay operation:

■ **Relay output:**

This is the most common type of output. When the relay is energized, the moving armature is attracted by the coil and so actuates the contacts, which change state. When the relay is de-energized, both the armature and the contacts revert to their initial position. This type of output allows complete isolation between the power supply and the output. There are three types of output contact:

<b>CO:</b> Changeover contact, i.e. when the relay is de-energized, the circuit between the common point C and NC is closed and when the relay is operating (coil energized), it closes the circuit between the common point C and the NO contact.	
<b>NC:</b> A contact that is closed without being actuated is called a <b>Normally Closed (NC)</b> contact.	
<b>NO:</b> A contact that closes when actuated is called a <b>Normally Open (NO)</b> contact.	

■ **Solid state output:**

This output is entirely electronic and involves no moving parts; service life is therefore increased.

■ **Breaking capacity:**

The current value that a contact is capable of breaking in specified conditions.

■ **Mechanical durability:**

The number of mechanical operating cycles of the contact or contacts.

■ **Minimum switching capacity** (or minimum breaking capacity):

This is the minimum required current that can flow through the contacts of a relay.

■ **X1/X2/Y1/Gate control input:**

Control input allows timing in progress to be interrupted without it being reset.

### Functions

Timing functions are identified by letters. For the complementary functions, select the main timing function using the selection dial in the front panel; refer to functional diagrams for connection.

Main timing functions	Complementary functions (1)	Definitions
A (2)		Power on-delay relay
	<b>Ac</b>	On-delay and off-delay relay with control signal
	<b>Act</b>	On-delay and off-delay relay with control signal and pause/summation control signal
	<b>Ad</b>	Pulse delayed relay with control signal
	<b>Ah</b>	Pulse delayed relay (single cycle) with control signal
	<b>Ak</b>	Asymmetrical on-delay and off-delay relay with control signal
	<b>Akt</b>	Asymmetrical on-delay and off-delay relay with control signal and pause/summation control signal
	<b>At</b>	Power on-delay relay with pause/summation control signal
	<b>Aw</b>	Power on-delay relay with retrigger/restart control signal
B (2)		Single interval relay with control signal
	<b>Bw</b>	Double interval relay with control signal
C (2)		Off-delay relay with control signal
	<b>Ct</b>	Off-delay relay with control signal and pause/summation control signal
D (2)		Symmetrical flashing relay (starting pulse-off)
	<b>Di (2)</b>	Symmetrical flashing relay (starting pulse-on)
	<b>Dit</b>	Symmetrical flashing relay (starting pulse-on) with pause/summation control signal
	<b>Diw</b>	Symmetrical flashing relay (starting pulse-on) with retrigger/restart control signal
	<b>Dt</b>	Symmetrical flashing relay (starting pulse-off) with pause/summation control signal
	<b>Dw</b>	Symmetrical flashing relay (starting pulse-off) with retrigger/restart control signal
H (2)		Interval relay
	<b>He</b>	Pulse-on de-energization
	<b>Ht</b>	Interval relay with pause/summation control signal
	<b>Hw</b>	Interval relay with retrigger/restart control signal
<b>K</b>		Delay on de-energization (without auxiliary supply)
L (2)		Asymmetrical flashing relay (starting pulse-off)
	<b>Li (2)</b>	Asymmetrical flashing relay (starting pulse-on)
	<b>Lit</b>	Asymmetrical flashing relay (starting pulse-on) with pause/summation control signal
	<b>Lt</b>	Asymmetrical flashing relay (starting pulse-off) with pause/summation control signal

(1) Complementary functions enhance the main timing functions.  
 Example: **Ac**: timing after closing and opening of control contact.  
 (2) The most commonly used timing functions.

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Selection table (continued)						
Functions	Timing range	Supply voltage	Type of output	Rated current	Relay	
A, At	0.1 s...100 h	≈ 24 V/∼ 24...240 V	1 CO contact	8 A	RE17RAMU	
			2 CO contacts		RE17RAMUS RE22R2AMU	
A, Aw	0.05 s...300 h	≈ 24...240 V	1 CO contact	8 A	RE22R1AMR	
			2 CO contacts		RE22R2AMR	
A, At, Aw	0.05 s...300 h	≈ 24...240 V	1 CO contact	8 A	RE22R1MAMR	
A, At, B, C, D, Di, H, Ht	0.1 s...10 h	≈ 24 V/∼ 24...240 V	1 CO contact	8 A	RE17RMEMU	
					RE17RMEMUS	
A, B, C, Di	0.02 s...300 h	≈ 24...240 V	2 CO contacts	5 A	RE48AML12MW	
A, Ac, Ad, Ah, Ak, At, B, Bw, C, D, Di, Dt, Dit, H, Ht, L, Li, Lt, Lit, N, O, P, Pt, Qt, Qtt, TI, Tt, W	0.1 s...999 h	≈ 24...240 V	2 CO contacts	8 A	RENF22R2MMW	
A, At, Aw, C, Ct, D, Dt, Dw, Di, Dit, Diw, H, Ht, Hw, Qg, Qgt, Qt, Qtt, W, Wt	0.05 s...300 h	≈ 24...240 V	2 CO contacts	8 A	RE22R2MYMR	
A, At, Aw, C, Ct, D, Dt, Dw, Di, Dit, Diw, H, Ht, Hw, W, Wt, Ac, Act	0.05 s...300 h	≈ 24...240 V	1 CO contact	8 A	RE22R1MYMR	
A1, A2, H1, H2	0.02 s...300 h	≈ 24...240 V	2 CO contacts	5 A	RE48AMH13MW	
Ac	0.05 s...300 h	≈ 24...240 V	2 CO contacts	8 A	RE22R2ACMR	
Ac, Act	0.05 s...300 h	≈ 24...240 V	1 CO contact	8 A	RE22R1ACMR	
Ad, Ah, N, O, P, Pt, TI, Tt, W	0.1 s...100 h	≈ 24 V/∼ 24...240 V	1 CO contact	8 A	RE17RMXMU	
			2 CO contacts		RE17RMXMUS RE22R2MXMU	
Ak, Akt	0.05 s...300 h	≈ 24...240 V	1 CO contact	8 A	RE22R1AKMR	
B	0.1 s...100 h	≈ 24 V/∼ 24...240 V	1 CO contact	8 A	RE17RBMU	
C	0.1 s...100 h	≈ 24...240 V	1 solid state output	0.7 A	RE17LCBM	
					RE17LCBMS	
			1 CO contact		8 A	RE17RCMU RE17RCMUS
	0.05 s...300 h	≈ 24...240 V	2 CO contacts	8 A	RE22R2CMR	
C, Ct	0.05 s...300 h	≈ 24...240 V	1 CO contact	8 A	RE22R1CMR	
D, Dw	0.05 s...300 h	≈ 24...240 V	1 CO contact	8 A	RE22R1DMR	
			2 CO contacts		RE22R2DMR	
H	0.1 s...100 h	≈ 24...240 V	1 solid state output	0.7 A	RE17LHBM	
H, Hw	0.05 s...300 h	≈ 24...240 V	1 CO contact	8 A	RE22R1HMR	
			2 CO contacts		8 A	RE22R2HMR
H, Ht	0.1 s...100 h	≈ 24 V/∼ 24...240 V	1 CO contact	8 A	RE17RHMU	
					RE17RHMUS	
K	0.05 s...10 min	≈ 24...240 V	1 CO contact	5 A	RE22R1KMR	
			2 CO contacts		RE22R2KMR	
K, He	0.05 s...300 s	≈ 24...240 V	1 CO contact	5 A	RE22R1MKMR	
L, Li	0.1 s...100 h	≈ 24 V/∼ 24...240 V	1 CO contact	8 A	RE17RLMU	
					RE17RLMUS	
			1 solid state output		0.7 A	RE17LLBM
					RE17LLBMS	
	0.02 s...300 h	≈ 24...240 V	2 CO contacts	5 A	RE48ACV12MW	
L, Lt, Li, Lit	0.05 s...300 h	≈ 24...240 V	1 CO contact	8 A	RE22R1MLMR	
Q	0.1 s...100 h	≈ 24 V/∼ 24...240 V	1 CO contact	8 A	RE22R1QMU	
		≈ 230...240 V, ∼ 380...440 V			RE22R1QMQ	
Qc	0.05 s...300 s	≈ 24 V, ∼ 24...240 V	1 CO contact	8 A	RE22R1QCMU	
Qe	0.3 s...30 s	≈ 380...415 V	2 CO contacts	8 A	RE22R2QEMT	
		≈ 24...240 V			RE22R2QEMR	
Qg	0.05 s...300 h	≈ 24...240 V	2 CO contacts	8 A	RE22R2QGMR	
Qt	0.05 s...300 h	≈ 24...240 V	2 CO contacts	8 A	RE22R2QTMR	
W, Wt	0.05 s...300 h	≈ 24...240 V	2 CO contacts	8 A	RE22R2MWMR	

Note: References ending with "S" are spring terminals; references without "S" are screw terminals.

Example: RE17LAMWS is timing relay with spring terminal and RE17LAMW is timing relay with screw terminal